ILLIAM W. HOLDEN. EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

RALEIGH: TUESDAY, NOV. 3, 1863. of Be sure to go to the polls and vote for the sertative candidates for Congress. Election on chanley, the 4th of November,

I We appeal to every Conservative who may Aisto turn out and vote for Tirner. Election

Wednesday, the 4th of November.

From Western North-Carolina. fac last Asheville News contains an account of ercent fights at Warm Springs, 36 miles west of berille. The first conflict took place between a all hody of our cavalry and four or five hundred the enemy. Our forces were so greatly outnumed that they were obliged to fall back. Major salfin, as heretofore stated, was killed, and four his command wounded. The enemy was posted the large brick hotel at the Springs-a strong

stion. The News says: spother fight took place near the Warm Springs, of three days since, between a portion of the C. Regiment, under command of Lt. Col. 16. Bryson, and a large force of the enemy. outnumbered our boys very largely, and after horn fight Col. Bryson fell back. We had men killed, Lt. Hyatt, and others whose names where not learned. Lt. Hyatt was an excellent feet, and a gullant and worthy man. Six were sons, but it was confilently hoped they would The loss of the enemy was reported to

Seasy. received some additional particulars. The folong is a list of the killed: Lt. Hyatt, Sergt. Col-Morroe Huskins, J. H. Townsend, J. Dodgins, Williams. Wounded-west. The soldiers speak in the highest terms of the

istry of Col. Bryson." We have a rumor that the enemy, seven thousand one, were advancing on Asheville in two columns, inst Gen. Vance had called for reinforcements.

FROM CHARLESTON.—The bombardment of Fort mist on the 30th was the heaviest that has taplace. From sundown on Wednesday to sunsi on Thursday, 1,215 shots of all calibre were esn into and against the fort. About 4 o'clock the night of the 30th a portion of the sea wall in burying some thirteen Georgia and Southcoins soldiers in the ruins. At the latest dates afring on the fart was incessant and very heavy.

From Chattanoogu-- A Battle Expected. The enemy have sent a division across the river Brown's ferry, three miles below Chattanooga, have taken possession of Raccoon Mountain, nere they are said to be fortifying. Subsequently to divisions and one corps crossed the river, and in's division attacked them on the morning of wish, capturing some prisoners and wagons. The enemy now hold the west side of Lookout

resi, while Longtreet's forces are on the east side. general engagement is thought to be near at hand. We have nothing new from the Confederate and signi armies in Virginia. Our troops are near the

appahannock. The report that the federals were nding in large numbers at Acquia Creek, is not murmed. The New York Herald of a late date Not ALLOWED TO VOTE."- A SOIGRET WITH TO IS om Capt. Winder's company, engineer troops, "On the 29th of October we were not allowed to

nte for Congress. Eight of our company beaged to the 5th District, and we were anxious to the for Cant. Josiah Turner. All the other troops at Capt. Winder's were allowed to vote on that T. We think very hard of being robbed of our ent of suffrage. Our wish is that Capt. Turner

CORN FOR FUEL .- The last Richmond Examiner mes that Mr. Charles R. Patrick, who arrived in chmond a few days since from Chicago, states at corn is so abundant in Illinois that the people all burn it this winter as fuel, it being cheaper

DISTRESS IN RICHMOND AND PETERSBURG. - Prices i the necessaries of life continue to advance in chmond and Petersburg, and all classes, the rich stell as the poor, seem to have a dreary winter fire them. The articles most needed, and now timine prices, are wood, coal, meat, meal, flour, dothing. There are thirteen thousand Yankee smers in and near Richmond, and the Whig is be opinion that the time will soon come when these prisoners or the great mass of the peowill freeze and starve.

la Petersburg, a day or two since, ten thousand ands of rotten bacon, says the Register, were alst auction at 721 cents per pound!-mouldy ari bread at 20 cents per pound, damaged rice 13 be pound, and spoiled flour sixty dollars per Family flour had sold in Petersburg at one and ten dollars per barrel.

No More Prisoners to be Taken.

The Richmond Enquirer is of the opinion that no tre prisoners should be taken in this war. The ans of subsistence are so scarce in Richmond that te Paquirer assures the Yankee soldiers that they ad better fight to the last and die on the field than taken prisoners and suffer the hardships of the "We believe there are too many prisoners taken his war-far more than in any other of which ery makes mention-and perhaps something he gained if the breaking off of the cartel shall duce soldiers on both sides not to be taken prisbers. We certainly recommend it to our men not surrender; if they do so, their lot is probably to crowded in such filthy dens as Fort Delaware till end of the war; only to be exchanged when er health is broken utterly, so that they can be 10 use either to the cause or to themselves. If words could, by any means, reach the Yankee ders, we would tell them that their fate also, if come here as prisoners, cannot be a very bright this coming winter. It is true, our authorities what they fairly can—with justice to own peoto give them humane usage; and that our medofficers afford them, and will continue to afford m every assistance in their power; but there are 999 of them now in Richmond, not to mention detained at other places. There is here, if a scarcity, at least a great dearth of provisions, not less of fuel; while, as to medicines, they "contraband of war," and our enemies use exthe diligence in keeping them from us altogether. would assure those Yankee soldiers that death be field were far better than captivity here this ake, and would accordingly counsel them also to be taken alive.

the cartel of exchange is indeed to be at an that may help to bring to a close this dragging being war. Yankee raiders will no longer upon an expedition into our lines as a mere by of pleasure, feeling that if they are "cut off" bave only to surrender, then travel through South to see the country, be immediately exand prepare for another raid. There are prisoners taken; if a command shall be cut off, let it cut through, or be cut down. ament henceforth will be the unkindest cut

Election Returns-Army Vote. The North-Carolina soldiers voted on Thursday last, in their camps, for members of Congress in their respective Districts. We give the returns as

far as received. The vote at Camp Holmes, near Raleigh, is as follows:

1st District. Smith 3. Henry 2. 2d District, Yellowley 4, Bridgers 4. 3d District, Leach 19, McRae 3, Faison 1. 4th District, Fuller 10, Strange 5. 5th District, Turner 93, Arrington 13. 6th District, Brown 27, Gilmer 4. 7th District, Christain 54, Ashe 8. 8th District, Ramsay 21, Lander 3, 9th District, Smith 90, Galther 1.

10th District, Logan 24, Hyman 3.

At the Fair Grounds Hospital, Raleigh, the vote is as follows : . 1st District, W. N. H. Smith 2, P. T. Henry 1. 2d District, Bridgers 2, Yellowley 1. 8d District, Leach 11-his opponents none. 4th District, D. Kelly 1.

5th District, Turner 9, Arrington 5. 6th District, John A. Gilmer 4. 7th District, Christian 7, Ashe none. 8th District, Ramsay 13, Lander 3. 9th District, S. P. Smith 4, Guither 2. 10th District, Logan 6, Irwin 3. Vote of 49th Regiment. .

We are indebted to a friend at Weldon for the vote in the 49th regiment, as follows: 7th District, Christian 40, Ashe 12. 8th District, Ramsay 217, Lander 101, Stancell 2. 9th District, Smith 70, Gaither 1. 10th District, Logan 83, Hyman 5, Irwin 1.

Company K, from Lincoln County, gave Ramsay 36, Lander 3; company H, Giston, Rainsay, 38, Lander 23; company I, Catawba, Ramsay 39, Lander 2; company B, Cleaveland, Ramsay 12, Lander 10; company C, Rowan, Ramsay 28, Lander 12, Stancell 2; company F, Mecklenburg, Ramsay 26, Lander 21; company G. Cleaveland, Ramsay 30. Lander 20

Company D, Moore, Christian 40, Ashe 12. Company A, McDowell, Logan 38, Hyman 5. Company E, Iredell, Smith 70, Gaither 1. Vote of 35th Reg iment.

7th District, Company C, Moore County, Christian 30, Ashe 18. 7th District, Company D, Chatham, Christian 19, Ashe 12.

Returns from Lee's Army. Daniel's Brigade - Bridgers 57, Yellowley 28, Mc-Rae 17, Faison 12, Leach 1, Devane 7, Ashe 52, Christian 73.

Ramseur's Brigade-Bridgers 142, Yellowley 36, McRae 83, Faison 52, Leach 30, Devane 27, Ashe

The Richmond and Petersburg papers have pub lished with a flourish of trumpets, with the view of influencing the elections in this State on the 4th instant, the following returns from the 12th regi-

Army Vote.

BRANDY STATION, Oct. 30. - The North-Carolina troops in the army of Northern Virginia voted yesterday for members of Congress. The result as far as heard from is as follows : FIFTH DISTRICT.

The official vote of the 12th N. C. troops is as Companies B and D, from Granville County-For Hon, A. H. Arrington, 30 votes; for Josiah

Turner, Conservative, none. Company 1, from Nash County-Arrington 15, Turner 6. These Turner votes were given by five deserters and one conscript. The voting in the regiment as far as heard from

s almost unanimously for Arrington. SECOND DISTRICT. Company G, in the 2d District, gives Bridgers 11 and Yellowlev 12.

Companies A and E voted 45 for Lander and none for Ramsay, Conservative. The 20th N. C. regiment gave Lander 36, Ramsay 3, Stansill 1.

Admitting the above returns to be correct, they make but a meagre showing for Mr. Arrington. Six companies give him but 101 votes, and it will be seen below that one company at Topsail Sound, in this State, has given Capt. Turner 108 votes. Besides, these companies are for the most part composed of original secessionists, and their officers are nearly all of that stamp. The 12th regiment, it will be remembered, was mainly raised in Nash and Warren, where Mr. Arrington has numerous friends: and in addition to this, it has been officered to a large extent by Mr. Arrington's relatives. We think it more than probable that Mr. Arrington has half as many nephews and cousins in this regiment as he received votes. But it seems that five deserters and one conscript voted for Turner. If this be so, the deserters must be a portion of those who were run down and caught by bloodhounds in Mr. Arrington's own County, and they availed themselves of this opportunity to testify their appreciation of such treatment by voting against Mr. Arrington. So far as the ungenerous fling at conscripts is concerned, it must be borne in mind that all our troops, with the exception of the State troops for the war, are conscripts. A conscript, if he does his duty, is as good as any other soldier; and it is mean, ungenerous, and injurious to the service to single out conscripts and reflect upon them in this way. A conscript who remained at home until the way cannot be a conscript. and then went in and has performed his duty as a soldier, is a shining and noble patriot when como or mr. Arrington's triends at home who are skulking in all conceivable ways from fighting in the war which they were instrumental in

Vote of 24th Regiment. The vote of the 24th regiment, at Weldon, is reported as almost unanimous for Fuller, Arrington.

Vote at Kinston.

Company F, 40th regiment, Yellowley 35, Bridg ers 7. Cumming's battery, Strange 18, Fuller 6. Meares 6. Starr's battery, Fuller 95. Unofficial returns from the few unattached companies heard from show that Fuller leads Strange 101 votes.

Vote at Camp Vance, Burke. 10th District, G. W. Logan 88, Hyman 17, Irwin 11. No other votes polled, Vote at Wilmington.

Capt. Buie's company on service in town: 3 LDis trict, Devane 10, Faison 1. 4th District, Fuller 32 Strange 10, Meares 1.

Vote at Fort Fisher. 2d District, Yellowley 103, Bridgers 26. 31 District, McRae 33, Leach 28, Faison 1. 4th District, Strange 91, Fuller 80, Meares 20, 7th District, Christian 4. Ashe 1. We are indebted to the Editor of the Progress for

the following returns from 17th Regiment, Camp Pender, Martin County. 1st District, Statke 258, Smith 73, Warren 27. 2d District, Bridgers 51, Yellowley 26. 3d District, McRae 30, Leach 15, Faison 2, De-

vane L 5th District, Turner 21, Arrington 4. Vote of 66th Regiment. We are under obligations to Capt. Latta for the following returns from Topsail Sound:

5th District, company A, Turner 108, Arrington

10. Captain Nichols' company from Nash, Turner 26, Arrington 19.

Vote of Co. C, 8th Regiment, Charleston. 2d District, Yellowley 5, Bridgers 3. 4th District, Fuller 7, Strange 2, Meares 5. 5th District, Turner 2, Arrington 1.

In the 31st regiment Turner has a large majority over Arrington. In one company Dr. Warren got nearly all the votes, and in another company Starke got nearly all. Christian and Ashe tied in the An-

Result thus far by Districts. 1st District, Hon. W. N. H. Smith 78, Dr. Edward Warren 27, Dr. P. T. Henry 3, Col. L. D. Starke

2d District, Col. E. C. Yellowley 250, Hon. R. R. Bridgers 305. 3d District, Dr. J. T. Leach 104, Col. Duncan K. McRae 166, Thomas I. Faison 69, Col. W. S. De-

4th District, Lt. T. C. Fuller 280, Robt. Strange 126, O. P. Meares 32, .. 5th District, Capt. Josiah Turner 265, Hon. A.

H. Arrington 158. 6th District, Hon. John A. Gilmer 4, Hon. Bed-

ford Brown, not a candidate, 27. 7th District, Samuel H. Christian 275, Hon. T.

S. Ashe, 212. 8th District, Dr. J. G. Ramsay, 254, Hon. Wm. Lander, 188, Capt. Stansell 3. 9th District, Rev. S. P. Smith 164, Hon. B. S. Gaither 4.

10th District, Gen. G. W. Logan 156, John D. Hyman 24, Marcus Irwin 15. The returns from the army thus far are very cheering for the Conservative candidates. Let the people unite with our brave soldiers in sending sound and true Conservatives to Congress, so that they may talk in the public councils for an honora-

ble PEACE, while our soldiers are fighting for it gal-

lantly in the field. Good News from Lee's Army! A friend in the army of Virginia, under date 29th October, writes us as follows from Lane's brigade,

his letter coming to hand just as we go to press; "In the 28th regiment the company from Orange County gave Turner 27 votes, and Arrington 8 votes. The company in the 7th regiment from Wake voted almost unanimously for Turber.

Two companies from Stanly and one from Mentgomery gave Christian 73 votes, and Ashe 13, and so in proportion in the brigade. In this brigade the contest between Ramsay and Lander is close, but in Cook's brigade Ramsay was sweeping nearly all the votes.

Gaither has a small majority over Smith. W. N. H. Smith got all the votes from his District in the This gives Turner 292 to 161 for Arrington .-

And to Christian 348 to Ashe 225. [Correspondence of the New York Herald.]

NEWBERN, N. C., Oct. 20, 1863. The publication of the Ruleigh Standard was resumed on the 2d instant. The Editor, W. W: Holder, still maintains his opposition to the rebel ad-

A prominent citizen recently arrived from Raleigh states that at a recent consultation of Southern Governors and other rebel statesmen at Richmond. Gov. Vance of North-Carolina, was offered the next Presi dency of the Southern Confederacy, provided he would wheel the old North State into line and keep her in the traces; and Gov. Vance had returned to Raleigh a fierce war man, and would hereafter do his utmost to prevent the State from returning to

Our opposition to the administration at Richmond consists only in criticisms on its policy, condemning it when it does wrong, and approving its action when it does right. To the government we ere art narged crankers seemble but it has been badly worked. The men who were instrumental in destroying the old government have shown themselves incompetent to administer the new government as it should be administered. They are potent to pull down, but unable to build up in such a way as to meet the expectations of the people. They are, therefore, Destructives. Would it were other-

The statement in relation to Gov. Vance will be news to that gentleman. We have no idea that the succession to Mr. Davis was even mentioned to Gov. Vance while in Richmond, much less that a bargain was made by which he is to be the next President of the Southern Confederacy. Gov. Vance went to Richmond as strong a war man as he was when he returned. He visited that place at the request of the President, to confer with him as to the best means for promoting the Confederate cause, and especially as to the proper policy to be pursued by the administration at Richmond towards the people of North Carolina, who had just been insulted by the appointment of a resident of another State as Chief Tithingman. Gov. Vance did us the honor to confer with us before he made this visit to Rich. mond, and we can bear witness that he returned with the same sentiments and feelings with which" he went there. There was no necessity for "wheeling the old North State into line," for she was there already, with more troops in proportion to her population than any other State; and she will remain there as long as there is any hope for achieving the independence of the Confederate States proper.

Gov. Vance is not a candidate for the succession to Mr. Davis. His thoughts are mainly turned on the best means for defending his State, and extricating his country from its present unhappy condition. But if, in the future, Gov. Vance should aspire to the Presidency, or if his friends should desire it for of any man, provided he should adhere unflinching ly to the Conservative principles on which he was elected Governor of this State. Those principles, we are satisfied, are destined to prevail, and to shape the character of the Confederacy, if it should be so fortunate as to succeed in this conflict and establish itself on a firm foundation. Any other principles than those held by Gov. Vance in common with a large majority of the people of this State, would be productive of the most calamitous consequences to the new government and to the cause of liberty it-

THE OLD 26TH.-This noble regiment, formerly commanded by Gov. Vance, numbered 850 strong just before the battle of Gettysburg, but in that battle it was badly cut up, and its available force reduced to about 200. It suffered greatly in the late fight at Bristow Station, and does not number now more than 125 effective men. We are yet without the casualties in this regiment in the Bristow fight. We had the pleasure recently of seeing Col. John R. Lane, of Chatham, who now commands the 26th. Col. L. was seriously wounded in the battle of Gettysburg, after Col. Burgwyn had fallen. The ballstruck him on the back of the neck and ranged through his jaw, coming out at his mouth. He was in front of his men, and turning to command them, he was struck. He has not yet fully recovered from the wound. Col. L. joined the 26th a "high private," and by his gallantry and good conduct, and the death of his seniors, has risen to be Colonel .-Mai, J. T. Jones, of Caldwell, is now Lieutenant Colorrel. Our regiments contain no braver or better officers than these two, who have been from the first,

we believe, with the old 26th. We learn from a reliable source that the federals have evacuated the country east of the Chowan river, and that they are reinforcing at Plymouth.

Baptist State Convention. This body assembled with the Baptist Church in

this City on Wednesday the 28th ult., and remained in session until Saturday night. A large number of delegates were present, representing most of the Association within the bounds of the Convention. The introductory sermon was preached on Wednesday night by Rev. H. Petty, of Warrenton. The following officers were elected for the next year :-Rev. Jas. McDaniel, President; Vice-Presidents, 1st, Rev. Thos. E. Skinner: 2d. Rev. W. M. Wingate; 3rd, Rev. B. F. Marable; Secretary, Rev. J. D. Hufham; Treasurer, Rev. J. S. Purefoy; Auditor, Rev. W. T. Walters. Among the visiting delegates from other States present, were Rev. Jas. B. Taylor, of Richmond, Va., Secretary of the Foreign Mission Board, Rev. J. B. Hardwiche and Rev. Thos. Hume, of Petersburg, Va., and Rev. Theo. Whitfield, of Mississippi.

A great deal of business was transacted by the Convention, among which was the adoption of a resolution for the appointment of an agent to solicit contributions to establish a fund for the education of the children of deceased and disabled soldiers.

The Sunday school cause received a due share of attention. A Sunday School and Publication Board was established, located at Raleigh, and consisting of seven members. The object of this Board is to aid in the preparation and circulation of Sunday School books, &c., so much needed at this time.

The Convention was not unmindful of the religious wants of the soldiers. On Saturday night, the report of Rev. N. B. Cobb, General Agent of Army Colportage, was presented. He had received, during the year, upwards of twenty thousand dollars for the purpose of sending religious reading to the soldiers. One thousand dollars were contributed to send the Biblical Recorder to the army. After several interesting addresses on Saturday night, a contribution amounting to almost five thousand dollars was made by the Congregation for Army Colportage. We learn that the session of the Convention was a pleasant and harmonious one. The pulpits of the Baptist, Methodist and Presbyterian Churches were occupied on Sunday by members of the Convention, and large congregations were in at-

We invite the attention of our readers to the sensible, truthful, and able Circular of Walter Dunn, Jr., in the Standard to day. Mr. Dunn has withdrawn from the contest for Congress, but his Circular is published at the earnest request of some of his friends, on account of its correct views and the forcible manner in which they are presented.

WHAT THE MEETINGS ARE COMPOSED OF .- Col. Thos. M. Garrett, of the 5th N. C. regiment, offers a reward of \$250 for the arrest of C. D. Sides, a deserter from that regiment. Col. Garrett says: "This man deserted on the 10th of May last, and

was last heard of as figuring on the committee to draft resolutions for a meeting held in Forsyth county on the 26th August." A deserter drafting resolutions for a peace meet-

ing! No wonder the administration of President Davis was denounced at such meetings. Deserters, of course, are opposed to sending any more men from North-Carolina. - Rich. Dispatch.

The Winston Sentinel, printed in Forsyth "Col. Garrett is mistaken in supposing the deserter above mentioned is the same person who took part in the peace meeting here in August last.

Their names are identical however, and this led to

the mistake, for the C. D. Sides who did figure in the peace meeting here, is an old citizen of the county and has never been in the service." History of the surrender or cumperiana cap by one who was inside.

Which was surrendered at Cumberland Gap by Gen. Frazen Hastishes a letter which is the first reliable account of that affair. It appears that on Monday, the 6th ult., about 9 o'clock A. M., the Yankee Gen-

eral Shackleford, appeared about two miles from the Gap and demanded its surrender, which was refused by Gen. Frazer, and on Tuesday again made, and again refused. The Major's statement continues: On Tuesday evening Col. DeCosey's command made their appearance on the north side of the mountain. A portion of his command approached on the Harlin county road, and a portion on the main Kentucky road. A heavy skirmish soon began between Captain Turpin's company, of my regiment, and the advance of the Abolitionists. Capt. Turpin, with his gallant boys, effectually checked the advance of the enemy until late in the evening, when the Yankees disappeared, Captain Turpin holding

his ground, which was something pear one mile in advance of our line. About 3 o'clock, Tuesday evening, Col. DeCosey demanded the unconditional surrender of Gen. Frazier and command. General Frazier replied under flag of truce, asking of De Cosey the number of forces to which he was ordered to surrender. De Cosey replied near 12 o'clock refusing to give the number of forces under his command, stating that it was from motives entirely disconnected with the attack upon the gap that he did so. Gen. Frazier then refused to surrender, and it was understood that the fight would open at 12 o'clock on Monday, I will state in this connection, that on Tuesday even ng a council of the commanding officers of the regiments was called, which resulted in the refusal of all to be surrendered. I will state further that a majority preferred the risk of cutting their way through the Yankee lines than to be surrendered on

any terms. A fight was therefore confidently expected. Near 12 o'clock on Wednesday the 9th, when all was in anxious expectation for the fight to open, Gen. Fraizer received from Burnside, under flag of truce, a demand for the unconditional surrender of himself and command. Very soon after its reception, one of Gen. Frazier's aid de camps came in great haste down the mountain and ordered me to take down my battle flag and hoist a white one instead thereof. Although many of us were of opinion that we would L. our codered sooner or later, you can imagine the

astonishment with which this struck the brave boys Various statements have been made in regard to the conduct of the troops composing the command at Cumberland Gap. I assert most postively that I have yet to see troops in finer spirits or more determined to hold their ground than the troops in the Gap. I have learned that an attempt is being made to justify the surrender of the gap upon the ground that the troops in the gap would not fight, and that some of them shouted when the flag was ordered down. The last charge was made against the 62d North Carolima regiment. The first is false, and the second not only false, but is a base and cowardly offort to protect those that may be guilty at the ex-

pense of the innocent, brave, patriotic and true. We were surrendered, then, to Gen. Burnside on Wednesday, the 6th, at 4 o'clock, p. m. Many made their escape after the surrender, and among them was your unworthy correspondent. We had, when we were surrendered, provisions upon which we could have subsisted 30 days. We had all the ammunition on hand that we had when the gap was first invested. My regiment had 150 rounds to the man, and I presume other regiments had the same, As to the spiking and throwing over the cliffs the artillery mentioned in your issue of the 7th, taken from the Knoxville Register, I know nothing, save one piece that two men of my command were picketing, which they spiked and threw over the clift

near it on their own responsibility. This I witnessed and know to be true. The number of forces investing the gap I am not by any means prepared to state. It was represented to be near 10,000 on each side of the gap. If the surrender was a matter of necessity, it was from causes other than a willingness on the part of the men to do their duty.

THE PRESIDENT ON HIS WAY TO CHARLESTON .-President Davis left Mobile Monday morning, on his way back to Righmond. The Charleston Mercury learns on good authority that he will return to the Confederate Capital by way of Savannah and Charleston. It is likely that he may tarry a day or two and review the troops, defences, etc., at both places. For the Standard.

Death of the Brothers Jordan. Among the many sad bereavements of the present war, perhaps none has been so widely and so deeply felt within the circle of their acquaintance, as that caused by the deaths of the Brothers EDWARD C. and WILLIAM J. JORDAN, sons of Dr. C. H. Jordan, of Person county, N. C. Edward C., a few years before the war, had removed to Arkansas where he was successfully engaged in the practice of law, a profession which he had previously begun, under very promising auspices in North-Carolina, and when killed at Port Hudson on the 11th of July last, was Lieut. Col. of the 12th Arkansas regiment. He was educated at Chapel Hill-was an excellent scholar for his age, well read in general literature,

and thoroughly prepared in his profession.

Small and weakly in physical stature, he was blessed with a strong, active intellect, and a greatness of soul which raised him above all petty prejudice and meanness, and rendered him capable only of noble thoughts and actions. Cheerful, pleasant and instructive in his intercouse with his friends, with a constant fund of classic wit, his society was universally sought after, and his presence brought real pleasure into every circle where he made his appearance. Indeed, he was a general favorite with all classes who had the happiness to know him

Dr. William J. Jordan, Assistant Surgeon of the 23d N. C. Troops, was killed while in the discharge of his duties at. South Mountain, on the 14th Sep-

tember, 1862. One of the earliest and warmest advocates of Southern rights, he proved his faith by his works. Having joined the first volunteer company raised in the county, and being afterwards appointed to the position which he filled at the time of his death, in every place which he occupied in the army and at all times, he was faithful and true in whatever he undertook, and no doubt-owes his untimely death to his faithful attachment to the duties of his station, and to his firm refusal to fly from the post of duty when it became the post of danger, although urged thereto by his friends,

Perhaps not so brilliant as his brother Edward. he nevertheless possessed an intellect of the very highest order, and a heart whose every throb beat responsive to the calls of honor and humanity. He

was in the loftiest sense of the term a gentleman. Embued by the constant precept and example of pious parents, with a high sense of honor and a deep reverence for religion, though they made no outward profession of piety, their friends have good reason to hope that they are now dwellers of that house in the Heavens "whose builder and maker is God."

As intimately connected with the deep sorrow which the death of these two amiable brothers has brought upon the community, I beg to mention the death of another, whose life and whose prospects were almost as dear to their parents as that of their own children. I allude to Capt Edward Fletcher Satterfield, of Company H, 55th N. C. troops, son of G. D. Satterfield, Esq., and cousin to the two brothers Jordan. He was instantly killed by the explosion of a shell at Get: ysburg, on the 3d of July last. The darling child of his mother, the pride and hope of his fathers and sisters, he had endeared himself to all his acquaintances by his sterling independence of character and his manly, upright con-

Exempt by law from military service he declared his belief in the right of secession, and his duty to fight to the last in the war which resulted from it. He seemed to have a presentiment of his approaching end, and no doubt made that preparation which such a suggestion would warrant.

As if to fill the cop of this afflicted family to overflowing, another son of the Doctor, Adjutant H. T. Josdan, of the 55th N. C. troops, er at Gettysburg, and is still in confinement on Johnston's Island, Ohio. His friends will be happy to learn that he is in fine health and spirits, and that the treatment of prisoners in that charge is

kind and humane. The community deeply sympathise with these two afflicted families, and feeling the utter impotence of all earthly consolation would humbly urge them to continue to look for comfort under their well," and let it not constitute the least source of their joy, the reflection that their children "died at their post doing duty." A FRIEND

For the Standard. Mister John Spellman: DEAR SIR: - Knowin that you and Mr. John Simms hav both bin pretty considerable down in the mouth lately, and feelin truly sorry fur you both, and wishin to revive your sperrits and rase up your hopes, I hev concluded to drap you a line through the Standard Nuse-paper, and let you no how the soldiers in Camp Wance voted yestiday for a member of Congris in the 10th deestrick. no it will do you and my old friend Simms good to the very bottum of yore harts, and the Faitville Reserver will hollow with joy too, when he heers it. Well, I wont keep the good news frum you enny longer, so here it cums:

G. W. Logan, Conservative, got 88 votes. J. D. Hyman, Independent, got 17 votes. Mark Irwin, Destructive, got 11 votes.

Login's frends seemed to be might sorry that the Stait Jurnal has bin stopped so long, they say that if it had been printed reglar like it used to be, Logan would a got 99 votes, but ever sense its bin stopped Mark Ervin has bin gainin on him, and if the lection a bin put off about 20 yeer, an the Stait Jurnal had a bin stopt all the time, then may be he would a run him closer. What in the world has becum of my old friend, Mister John Simms, the man what used to print the Raleigh Register?-I'm afecred something must be the matter with him. It's bin so long since I heard frum him. I do hope he aint ded; if he aint ded do send my respex to him, and tell him I wood a writ to him too ef I had a noed whar he was. I hope you wont git mad with me fur havin this letter put in the Standard. I woodent a dun it fur the world of you had been printin the Start Jurnal now, but you aint and ov coarse I cudent put it in it. So no more, but remanes your frend till deth. CHARLY.

P. S .- I heer that Baldy Arrinton is gainin on Turner, and that Turners frends is bout to rase a scription to get the Stait Jurnal started agin afore the election, as they is afeerd that Turner wont get elected by more'n about 2,000 votes unless your paper cams out before the election. You frend till CHARLY.

Burke county, N. C., Oct. 30, 1863.

MILITARY CHANGES. - General Polk has been as signed to duty in Mississippi, in place of General command in Tennessee.—Composeracy.

INCREASED PAY .- The Legislature of Virginia has passed a bill increasing the per diem of its members to twelve dollars, instead of four as heretofore .-This is right and proper, as the latter sum was no toriously inadequate to pay half their expenses, and some of the members are not able to serve the public at a loss to themselves. .

OST-A BUNCH OF KEYS ON A STEEL ring, bet veen Kaleigh and New Hill, (on the Hay wood road.) The finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving them at R. M. Brown's, or let me know where they

N. BROWN & CO., COMMISSION MER-chants, Hillsborough, N. C. On sale— 20,000 lbs. Smoking Tobacco "Ocaneche," 10,000 lbs.

10,000 lbs Salt, 5,000 lbs. Rice, 20,000 Clay Pipes, assorted, 500 lbs. Spanish Brown, 500 pounds English Copperas, 150 pounds Dutch Madder, 50 pounds Spanish Indigo, 8 pounds Fig Blus, 2,000 pounds English Soda, 5 barrels Tanners' Oil, Salad Oil and Blacking, Green and Black Tea. 100 Tooth Brushes, assorted, 150 Fine and Coarse Combs, 2,000 spool White and Black Cotton, 30 pounds Black Flax Thread, 20 gross Steel Pens and Lead Pencils, 20 gross Steet Pens and Lead Pencils, 50 reams Cap, Letter, and Note Paper, Envelopes and Ink, 30 sets Knives and Forks, Tallow and Adamantine Candles, Tallow and Adamantine Can Nails, Iyou, and Cut Tacks, 5) Brooms, Black Crape, Lampblack and Turpentine, 1,000 Edge Plates, 100 Wash Bowls, 100 Linnen C. Handkerch Wanted-All kinds of Pr dube.

November 2, 1863.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO SAY THAT
THOMAS I. FAISON has consented, at the earnest solicitation of many friends, to become a candidate
for Congress in the 3d Congressional district.

October 19, 1868. WE ARE AUTHORIZED BY THE friends of Dr. J. G. RAMSAY, of Rowan, to announce that gentleman as a candidate to represent this the 8th Congressional District in the next Congress of the Confederate States.

E ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE
S. P. SMITH, of the County of Wilkes, as a candidate to represent the people of the 9th Congressional
District in the next Congress of the Confederate States. Oct. 12; 1868. WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE

Dis EDWARD WARKEN, of Chowan, as a candidate to represent the 1st Congressional District in the next Congress of the Confederate States.

October 8, 1863.

81—td. WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE

GSN. QEO. W. LOGAN, of Rutherford, as a candidate to represent the 10th Congressional District in the next Confederate Congress.

October 8, 1863.

81—td. October 8, 1863. WE ARE AUTHORIZED AND REQUES. ted to announce DR J. T. LEACH, of Johnston county, as a candidate for Congress in the 3d Congressional District, composed of the counties of Carteret, Craven, Jones, Onslow, Daplin, Sampson, Wayne and Johnston.— Election on the 4th day of November. The soldiers vote

on Thursday, the 29th of October.

October 8, 1863. WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE the Hon A. H. ARRINGTON, of Nash, as a Candidate for re-election to Congress in this, the Fifth Congressional district, composed of the counties of Orange, Wake, Granville, Warren, Franklin, and Nash.

October 1, 1863. WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE Captain JOSIAH TURNER, of Orange County, as a candidate for Congress in this, the 5th Congressional District, at the election to be held in November next.

THE FRIENDS OF GEN. WILLIAM F. JONES, of Polk County, announce him as a Conservative candidate for Congress in the 10th Congressional District of North-Carolina. 55-tdpd.

SAMUEL H. CHRISTIAN FOR CON-GRESS.—Many of the citizens of Moore County desire to vote for SAMUEL H. CHRISTIAN, of Montgomery County, as a representative in Congress from the 7th Congressional District. July 10, 1863.

TO THE VOTERS OF THE FOURTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.—The undersigned take pleasure in urging upon their fellow-citizens of this Congressional District the name of Lieut. THOMAS C. FULLER as a fit person to represent them in the next Congress. Lieut. Fuller has consented to allow his name to be used by the found. to be used by his friends. These are times when platforms are not needed; all who know Lieut. Fuller know that he is fully capable of filling the position with honor to him-self and the people of this District. He has done his duty well in this war, for after exhausting all means to retain our old Union in its perfection, he was one of the first, after Linco'n's Proclamation, to volunteer as a private in the army, in which he is now serving as an officer. MANY CITIZENS.

WITHDRAWN.-SOON AFTER CAPT. JOSEPH J. DAVIS' nomination for Congress by his friends, and before he could be communicated with on the subject, the battle of Gettysburg was fought, in which he became a prisoner. He is now in the enemy's hands.— His name was kept before the people in the hope of his early exchange. This hope has been deferred by the recent angry correspondence between the Commissioners of Exchange. Capt. Davis friends, after consultation, have concluded that it would be unjust to him longer to continue him in the fleid, since his defeat would, under the circumstances, be a mortifying wrong, and his election might give the enemy a pretext to detain him as a political prisoner.

He is, therefore, no longer a candidate.

The above conclusion was announced at Franklin Superior Court by W. R. Barham, Esq., at the request of CAPT. DAVIS' FRIENDS.

4 STH SENATORIAL DISTRICT --- WE are authorized to announce Col. C. L. HARRIS, of Rutherford, as a candidate for the Senate in this District, composed of the Counties of Rutherford, Polk and Cleaveland, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of M. O. Dickerson, Esq. October 19, 1863.

WE ARE AUTHORIZED TO ANNOUNCE THOMAS W. RITTER as a candidate for a seat in the House of Commons, in Moore County, to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Alex. Kelly, Esq. MUSIC RECENTLY PUBLISHED. -SONGS.
All Quiet Along the Potomac To-night-Hewitt.

Confederate Flag. Southron's Chant of Defiance—A. F. Blackmer. There's Life in the Old Land Yet-E Eaton. Violetta, or I'm Thinking of a Flower-E. O. Euton. fissouri-A Voice from the South-Harry McCarthy. Dixie War Song-H. A. Neir. Darling Little Bine Eyed Nell-F. Beckly. Stars of Our Banner-Alice Lane. Will Not Quite Forget-Henry Schoelers Southern Marseillaise-A. F. Blickmer. Rock Me to Sleep, Mother-Hewitt. " Author's latest arrangement,

See at Your Feet a Suppliant one-as Sung by Miss El-When This Cruel War is Over-Henry Tucker. Harp of the South, Awake-C. L. Petticolus. My Wife and Child-F. W. Rossier. Annie of the Vale-by Author of Cottage by the Sea. Carrie Bell-J. Von Les Hache. She Forever—C. Nordendorff
Also, all new Music as soon as published POMEROY'S

NSTRUMENTAL MUSIC.-OLD DOMINION Lorena Fantasia-Brilliant Study for Piano.-C. Nor-Rock Me to Sleep, Mother-Brilliant Study for Piano.

Gen. Beauregard's Grand March-Mrs. V. G. Condin. Beauregard Manassas Quickstep-A. Noir. Maiden's Prayer -Badarzenski. Bright Eyes Gullop. Never Surrender Quickstep -E. O. Eaton. Our First President's Quickstep—P. Riv.nac.
For sale by W. L. POMEROY, Nov. 2, 1863.

SECOND YEAR OF THE WAR, BY ED-WARD A. POLLARD. Price \$1; by mail, \$5 80. Also, First Year of the War-by E. A. Pollard. Price, \$5; by mail, \$5 30. No Name, by Wilkie Collins—Author of The Woman in White. Price \$4; by mail, \$5 30, Aurora Floyd. Price, \$3; by mail, \$3 25 Great Expectation. Price \$3; by mail, \$ 25.

Strange Story. Price \$3; by mail, \$3 25. Spirit of the Age copy twide. ABORERS ON PORTIFICATIONS AT

Raleigh.—Notice is hereby given to the owners of slaves, and to the Free negroes employed on the entreuchments at Baleigh, that the pay rolls are now made out, and that they will be paid in person or to their secuts, with duplicate powers of Attorney, by applying to Capt. Wm. B. Gulick, Paymaster for the State of North-Carolina. H. T. GUION. Lt. Col. Art'y and Eng'r.

N. B .- The parties in terested will save themselves much frouble by appointing one or more agents from each county, qualified with legal powers of Attorney in duplicate, scaled and subscribed to before two witnesses. The following simple form will answer:

We do hereby appoint — ——, of the County of

——, our true and loyal Attorney to receive payment and

receipt for us, for all monies due us from North-Carolina for the labor of our slaves during the month of ——, on the fortifications at Kaleigh, N. C. Witness our hands and seals this - day of -

---- SEAL. SEAL

witness. November 2, 1863. COMMITTED .- TAKEN UP AND COM. mitted to the jail of Surry County, North-Carolina, on the 20th day of October, 1863, a negro boy, who says his name is BEN, and says he belongs to Joshua Rouse, of Le-noir County, North-Carolinia. Said boy is about 18 or 20 years old, about five feet 8 or 10 inches high; dark. The

owner is hereby notified to come forward, prove property, and pay charges and take said boy away, or he will be dear's with as the law directs.

WM. HAYMORE, Sh'ff of Johnston County. A ATTENTION : HOMB GUARDS .- ON cessitous of Orange, any food or clothing on hand, at cost.

Friend, cannot you put something on sale that day at cost? A tannery of Orange has placed in our hands to-day, two thousend dollars worth, of Sole Leather to be GIYEN to those in the most want. Will you not add the upper?

H. N. BROWN & CO.

upper? Hillsboro', N. C. Nov. 2, 1863. CIRCULAR SAW MILL.-THE NUESE Manufacturing Company wish to purchase the gear-ing, carriage and saw of a Circular Saw Mill, to be run by

water power. Address S. II. ROGERS, President, or

Oct 19, 1868.

H. W. HUSTED, Treasurer.